the people. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Austin, Texas, September 4, 1850.

To the Honorable Senate: GENTLEMEN-A bill entitled "an act requiring the Governor to submit any proposition that may be made by the Government of the United States to the lieve the issue is disunion or abolition, and the only the world, of a discovery which has all invaded all was amounts intended for the Convention or either of the Societies by mail, directed to Elder James S. Purify, State of Texas, for the purchase of a portion of her north-western Territory, to the people, and which restricted to Elder James S. Parity, most literally brought the very ends of the earth in contact.—Buffalo Com. Adv. originated in the Senate, has been submitted to me, that has not only failed to protect their property, but and after considering it with entire deference to your has become the aggressive robber of it. Other men, Honorable Body, it is with unfeigned regret that I as truely devoted to the South as we are, may differ feel myself constrained by an imperious sense of with us." duty, and by a high regard for the honor, consisten-cy, and integrity of the State over which I have been and Mississippi, which hold the same sentiments.—

the exercise of judgment on the part of that officer triumph in the Union, or exist out of it. peal to his convocation of the Legislature in its pres- nothing. fact; but still, while disposed to confine himself only alternative to Submission. within the legitimate sphere prescribed to him, he assent to the bill now under consideration.

of the Legislature, but he could not consent, even it. of the community would revolt.

limits the Legislature to biennial sessions, and this may meet the emergency. to the Executive, and to him only, the power to con- should be consulted in such a proposition. vene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions .- So grave a step as secession should not only be twelve months, as their inclinations or supposed sult in a Union of equals. constitution.

The duty of the Executive, then, in relation to property, and their domestic institutions. calling the Legislature in extraordinary session havwhich it originated, without my signature. (Signed) P. H. BELL.

Proclamation.

By John Anthony Quitman, Governor of the State of Mississippi

Whereas, the people of Mississippi have repeatedly, so essential to their freedom and equality. And whereas, By recent acts of Congress, the peo-

ple of Mississippi, in common with the citizens of all by giving them to the press. the slaveholding States, have been virtually excludof the Federal Union, have been denied to them.

slave trade in the District of Columbia, and other wholly alone, and engaged in writing. acts of the Federable Government, done and threatened, leave no reasonable hope that the aggressions upon the rights of the people of the slaveholding States will cease, until, by direct or indirect means, their domestic institutions are overthrown: Now, therefore, that the proper authorities of the State may be enabled to take into consideration the alarming state of our public affairs, and, if possible, avert the evils which impend over us: that the State may be placed in an attitude to assert her sovereignty, and that the means may be provided to meet any

and every emergency which may happen : I, John A Quitman, Governor of the State of Mississippi, exercising the powers in me vested by the Constitution, do hereby convene the Legislature of ment of this State.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed, at the city of Jackson, the 26 of September. A. D. 1850, and of the sovereignty of Mississippi, the thirty-fourth.

By the Governor: Jo. Bell, Secretary of State. J. A. QUITMAN.

The New York Tribune has published a review of the business done in ship building in that vicinity since the 1st of January last. Since that date there have been launched 37 vessels, with a tonnage of 42,155 tons. Of this number, 12 were ocean steamships, 13 were first class packet ships, 3 were clipper ships, intended for the China trade, 7 were river steam boats, 1 brig and 1 schooner. There are now on the stocks 12 ocean steamers, 5 river steamboats, 2 propellers, with a total steam tonnage of 21,900 tons; 3 packet ships, 4 clipper ships, 2 schooners, 1 sloop, and 2 lighters, with an aggregate tonnage of 9.300 tons. The vessels launched since January 1. and those on the stocks at present, sum up a grand total of 73,255 tens. This shows at what a rapid pace the mercantile marine of the U. S. is increas-

plied; "It is so long since I have been sick, I am ashamed to look a physician in the face."

ing .- Alex. Gazette.

From the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist. A Word of Caution.

no course with honor or safety short of immediate tion of my usefulness to my fellow men.

Such, then, were the events coupled with the very will hold meetings during the session of the Conven-

The following is a portion of the article: The Columbus Times, edited by a son of the late

distinguished John Forsyth, says.

sive in its terms, or insulting in its character, as to How can you secede, when one-half of your own peorender it an act of degradation on the part of the ple are opposed to you? The Union might be divi-State, to entertain or listen to it for a moment; and ded, but States, districts, counties towns, and famiyet, by the terms of this bill, the Executive would lies, can't be divided ? Then, too. with what probe required to go through the solemn and degrading pricty can you consider the passage of the Compromockery of submitting it to the voice of the whole mise bill, as a justifiable cause for secession, when tage of by many other Southern people, whose nepeople, although he might convinced it would not meet the approbation of a single man imbued with the ordinary feelings of true patriotism. Whether the ordinary feelings of true patriotism. Whether the ordinary feelings of true patriotism. Whether the ordinary feelings of true patriotism. it be competent for one branch of the Government have been conceded. The North has never been able ed a great commotion throughout the city, especially to order another, and co-ordinate branch, to do an to stand against the South when united. It is only among the colored population, and the ultra aboliact which necessarily implies the exercise of a most by our divisions and differences that they conquer. tion fanatics, who set all laws at defiance, and whose ed the box to his lips, and then reverentially placed

to whom the whole people have confided, in a great It is unreasonable—we may say arrogant for those with them. Serious disturbances may therefore be first power looms were introduced from England, and degree, the interest and integrity of their State. The Southern Rights editors, who take extreme ground the result, but the law must be vindicated, and it in 1794, 40 looms were set up at a place called Milpresent Executive of Texas, impressed with a proper on this question to drive from them the sympathies of will be vindicated and upheld by all good citizens. ton; in 1831, there were 15,137 power looms in the humility, is as little disposed as any human being to others "as truly devoted to the South," and as deter- Our colored population may attempt a breach of the city, and at the present moment, 1850, there are arrogate to himself the exercise of powers which mined not to be ranked among the submissionists, by peace, but if they do so, they know full well the pentwenty-five thousand, which average six hundred have not been conferred upon him by the constitu- presenting immediate secession as the sole remedy, alty which they will incur, and the punishment and twenty-five thousand yards of cloth per day. tion and laws of the land, and he thinks he may ap- and saying you must come up to this measure or do which will assuredly be meted out to them.

regards it as his duty not to give his assent to a de- Southern Rights men, who will vote at the election earnest to our Southern citizens that the compromiparture from it on the part of a co-ordinate branch, in November for the candidates to the Convention, see of the constitution, and the laws enacted under and he believes he would be doing so by giving his men brought out by the Southern Rights Party, who them, will be respected by all good men in the Northare not ready to adopt secession as the remedy .- ern States, especially in New York. Notwithstand-Had any proposition been made, or were any to be Many, convinced that ultimately the South must se- ing the bad name, fame, and credit attaching to the made, by the Federal Government to this State, cede in order to protect her remaining rights, and Van Burens, Greeleys, Sewards, and Weeds of this which was not degrading or insulting in its terms, who believe a Southern Confederacy more desirable State, the mass of the people are as sound as they and in which the people of the State possessed an in- as a matter of interest, of prosperity to the South. ever were on the question of slavery, and are as deterest, the Executive would most unquestionably are yet also convinced that in the present state of termined as they ever were that justice shall be done have taken the proper steps to have submitted it to opinion it would be bad policy for Georgia to secode to the South whenever occasion requires it. They

tive upon the people.

But, if this objection to the bill did not exist, there The Convention may, in its wisdom, devise a ment of their duty. is another, which, to my mind, is insuperable. The course, and invoke the potential arm of State sov- We see by our exchanges that the passage of the fifth section of the third article of the constitution | ereignty for its execution, short of secession, which

with the terms prescribed by the eighth section of be consummated by the simple vote of a State Con- that many of them made forced marches to Canada the fifth article of the same instrument, which gives vention. Other Southern States are interested, and in consequence. We understand that there are up-

The necessity which would require an extraordinary the result of a general acquiescence in its proprie- As the law is imperative, and must be obeyed by our convention of the Legislature, must therefore be ty, its advantages, or its necessity, but should judicial officers, we may expect to hear of some exjudged and determined by him alone. This bill takes be one of great deliberation and preparation. We citing news in different Northern and New England that power of judging from him, and without per- do not mean prepartion of cannon and musquetry. States, in the reclamation of fugitive slaves. Its opmitting him to exercise any discretion on the subject, of balls of powder, of fleets and armies, for we look eration will tend, in a great measure, to quiet the it requires him imperatively to convene the Legisla- upon these as unnecessary. Secession will be peace- abolition fanatics of Boston and other places in New ture in the event of the happening of a contingency; able when it does take place. When one State England. We allude to the gentlemen and to the and if the Legislature can do this, it can wholly sub- resolves to go out of the Union, it would be madness | philanthropists in petticoats, who once a year enact vert and put at nought the constitutional provision for the remainder to attempt to keep her in by the farce of trampling upon the constitution, and rewhich limits their assembling to biennial sessions. force. It would be a vain effort: it would produce solving a dissolution of the Union. Those persons If it has the power to order the Governor to convene | wide spread civil war without the possibility of ever | have now an opportunity of resisting the Fugitive them in any case, out of the regular time prescribed | binding together again the kroken fragments in the | Slave bill, and of carrying a portion, at least, of their by law, it would have equal power to order him to peaceful bonds of Union. It might result in subju- many threats into execution. convene them at stated intervals of three, six, or gation of one section to another. It could never re-

tate; and thus instead of there being but one session by legislation, in anticipation of the new relations law for such persons as interfere with United States Mr. Stephen Dale, to Miss Martha Bryan. of the Legislature in each two years, as the constitu- into which the people were to enter. Sudden seces- officers in the discharge of their duties, for the infortion prescribes, the number of sessions would only be sion would produce a temporary revulsion in all the mation and edification of those ultra philanthropists. limited by legislative discretion. This feature in the | business effairs of life, which would make the Southbill is, therefore, to my mind, wholly inadmissible, ern people sick of the change long before the time as I regard it as being in direct conflict with the could arrive at which they would begin to reap its advantage or feel the benefit of its security to their

Let the aim of the Southern man in Georgia, smarting been prescribed by the constitution, any legisla- ing under the wrongs inflicted in his section, and vania, New York, Massachusetts, and other northern tive interference will have the effect of removing the aiming for effectual redress, devote his energies to barrier judiciously placed there for the purpose of the formation of a great Southern Rights Party, restraining, in a salutary manner, the action of the which shall embrace in its ample folds all those different departments of the Government, each with- who feel that the South has been wronged-who feel in its proper limits, thereby disturbing the harmony | that she may again be wronged, insulted and degraand good understanding which should always exist ded by a strong, determined and selfish anti-slavery in conducting the affairs of the State. I am, there- majority in Congress, unless she adopts for herself and fore, constrained to return the bill to the Senate, in through the inherent sovereignty of her people acting by States, new "guards for their future securi-

Fulton's First Steam Voyage.

Mr. Fulton, I presume. Yes, sir. Do you return to New York with this boat ?

We shall try to get back, sir.

Can I have a passage down? You can take your chance with us, sir.

mnemorate the occasion over a bottle of wine with

know, and terminated without accident.

and again recalled the occasion and the incident of ness.

Under the head "Secession and Disunion," the tion it originally caused. That seemed, and still does State Convention and the Societies connected with in the advance. Native Ceylon is quoted at Liverpool at that may be made by the Government of the United States to the State of Texas, for the purchase
of a portion of her North-Western Territory, to

dawn of steam navigation-a dawn so recent as to tion. A general attendance is earnestly solicited. be still recollected by many—and such as Fulton there related them, were the early appreciations, by

First Arrest under the New Fugitive Slave Bill-

Great Excitement. Our readers will find in another column a full account of the arrest, examination, and reclamation of a negro named James Hamlet, a fugitive slave from Providence and Worcester "Xpress"—as he phonocalled to preside, to return it without my approval.

The bill, by its phraseology, evidently intends to command the Executive to do an act which to some their averment of injustice to the South, we freely where he resided, as we learn, for the past two years. the miniature low wheeled chaise in which he tranextent, it seems to me, ought to require the exercise admit, but have these gentlemen ever reflected on Under the Fugitive Slave bill he was taken into cusof Executive discretion. A proposition might be the utter impossibility of secession or disunion, upon tody, at the instance of his owner. His identity, and horse which drew the chaise and gloried in it, for his made by the Government of the United States, (and their own assumption of its practicability and desir- the fact that he was the property of the claimant. Jehulike driving, his energy and industry which who can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurwho can now doubt the possibility of such an occurare divided,—bitterly and irreconcilably divided on
the states of the such as the such clare from their places that there are considerations that question, as well as on the measure which has beyond the Constitution,) which would be so offen- suggested the necessity of a resort to such a remedy! pied but a very few hours—the legal demands of the plaintiff were granted, and the provisions of the bill the honor, Rhode Island the glory, and Providence recently passed by Congress were complied with.

the Fugitive Slave bill, and we have no doubt that delicate discretion, is a question which I will not now discuss, or present for discussion; but I may be allowed to say, that some room might be left for harmonious, it is vain to hope that we can either the average of independent of the purpose of resisting the law, and it is not contained and the law, and it is not contained the left for the purpose of resisting the law, and it is not contained the left for the purpose of resisting the law, and it is not contained the left for the purpose of resisting the law, and it is not contained to the law and it is not contained improbable that some of the latter will co-operate first steam engine was erected in 1792; in 1793, the

While we regret the necessity which existed for ed to see the promptness with which it was carried twenty thousand bales. There are thousands, and tens of thousands of true out in the case to which we refer, because it is an them for approval or rejection, without the command | immediately from the Union and would now oppose | are a law and order loving people, and devotedly attached to the union of these States as it is. They with that command, to submit a degrading proposi-tion, or one at which the patriotism and moral sense | Neither the Disunionist papers of Georgia, nor the submission papers have a right to force this alternashall have no reason to complain of their non-fulfil- increase of 14,073 in ten years, or about 21 per cent.

> wards of a hundred in this city, the majority of whom for she was buried in the ground where the trees will no doubt follow the wake of those of Pittsburgh. grow."

We shall see whether they will be true to their word. On another occasion we will take the trouble Mr. Thomas J. Jones, to Miss Lucy J. Andres, daughter views of the interest of the Government might dic- No. The preparation we speak of should be that of defining the penalty and punishment provided by of the late Col. Samuel Andres. N. Y. Herald.

The Fugltive Slave Bill.

It is evident, from the tone of the newspapers generally, that this bill has excited the most intense excitement among the colored population of Pennsyl-States. Aware as we were of the large number of fugive slaves in the North, who, protected partially Davis. by public opinion, defied their masters, we were ignorant that so very many had settled among us, in violation of the spirit of the federal constitution .- | the 68th year of her age. The stringency of the late law, however, has alarmed the fugitives, and vast numbers consequently are leaving us for Canada. In many cases the imperilled slaves, and their colored friends, threaten to resist the law. But however hard it may be for them, past week were at 121. On Saturday the article advanced, after once having lived in a state of freedom, to re- and sales were made at 12; to 12;. Flour has advanced, and turn to slavery, any attempt to oppose the law can- in demand at 51 to 6. Corn source at 65 to 70. Bacon dull Twenty years since, more or less-for I cannot fix not but prove disastrous to them in the highest dethe date with more certainty-I formed a travelling gree. We see but one resource for these fugitives, acquaintance, upon a steamboat upon the Hudson and that it does not become us to recommend: it is in public meetings, in popular conventions, and by river, with a gentleman who, on that occasion, relato fly secretly to Canada. The free white citizens 25; Tar, \$1 35; Corn, \$3; Bacon, 8 a 9 cents. Legislative resolves, claimed and asserted their ted to me some incidents of the first voyage of Ful- of the North are bound, by every legal and honoraequality of right with the other States of this Union, ton to Albany, in his steam boat, the Clermont, which ble tie, to deliver them up to their masters; but we a \$1 03; white, \$1 08 a \$1 10; ordinary to good, 90 a 98 cts. in and to the free use and enjoyment of the territory I have never met with elsewhere. The gentleman's know sufficient of northern sentiment to be aware Corn 60 a 62c. Oats, 32 a 37c. Rye, 63 a 65c. No change belonging in common to these United States; and name I have lost; but I urged him at the same time, that this is always an unpleasant, and sometimes have frequently and publicly declared that fixed de- to publish what he related; which, however, so far even a repulsive duty. It is the wish of all citizens termination, at all hazards, to maintain these rights, as I know, he has never done. I have several times here to stand neutre, whenever that is possible, berepeated the facts as they were told to me, and have tween the master and the slave. It is hard for the Corn meal, \$3. Wheat, \$1 a \$1 03 for red, and \$1 08 a \$1 been often requested to secure them from oblivion owner to be deprived of his property, and it is hard by giving them to the press.

| 10 for white. Corn, 62 a 65c. Oats, 36 a 41c. Mess Pork, for the fugitive, especially if he has married here, to \$11 a \$11 18, and prime \$8 87 a \$9. Lard, 7½ a 7½c. Rice I chanced, said my narrator, to be at Albany on be carried back to bondage. But, if the slave tarries 34c. per lb. Whiskey, 274c. per gallon. ed from their just rights. in the greater portion, if business, when Fulton arrived there, in his unheard in our midst, we have no resource except to surrennot all, of the vast and rich territories acquired from of craft, which every body felt so much interest in der him. To talk of an armed resistance is madness. Mexico in the late war; and thus, by unjust and in- seeing. Being ready to leave, and hearing that this The fugitives have but two roads open to them-eithsulting discriminations, the advantages and benefits craft was to return to New York, I repaired on board er to return to bondage, or fly to Canada. No colorand inquired for Mr. Fulton. I was referred to the ed man who has ever been a slave is safe in remain-And whereas, the abolition, by Congress, of the cabin, and I there found a plain, gentlemanly man, ing. If he does, he tempts fate, and may yet find himself on a slave plantation .- Phil. Bulletin.

Being in Love.

is the most agreeable in the whole course of life .-The soul has then no craving to gratify. Existence is at its highest premium, for it is then we are fur-I inquired the amount to be paid, and after a mo- thest from indifference. He who is in love cherishes ment's hesitation a sum, I think six dollars, was life, and but enjoys it the better for little drawbacks named. The amount in coin, I laid in his open hand, in other affairs, which only heighthen love's relish and with his eye fixed upon it, he remained so long when we return to it. It is a better and pleasanter being only for immediate consumption. There have been motionless that I supposed there might be a miscount, thing than money getting, or courtship, or sullen and said to him, is that right, sir ? This roused him study, or maddening ambition, or a thousand graspas from a kind of reverie, and as he looked up ing desires that engross us wholly without our feelat me, the big tear was brimming in his eye and his ing satisfied; being in love is participated with anvoice faltered as he said, excuse me, sir; but memo- other, and therefore is a more social pleasure. The this State, and do appoint Monday, the eighteenth ry was busy as I contemplated this, the first pecuni- romantic tinge which often colors our conduct is day of November, next, for the meeting of both ary reward I have ever received for all my exertions agreeably characteristic; it increases the attraction Houses at the Capital in Jackson, the seat of governin adapting steam to navigation. I would gladly and confers a hallowed charm upon the passion.— Being in love is a restraint upon evil feelings-a sityou, but I am too poor, even for that, just now; yet uation favorable to virtue. The love of woman is a I trust we may meet again when this will not be so. correction of our perverse natures. and, while its The voyage to New York was successful, as all season lasts, always mends the heart. Let an unbiassed and discriminating centenaire answer, what great excitement in the Cotton market, and prices immedial a large number of articles too numerous to mention Some four years after this, when the Clermont had part of life he could look back upon with the most ately advanced id per pound, with large transactions. been greatly improved, and her name changed to the kindly feelings-what portion of his departed years North River, and when two other boats, namely, the he most cherished in his remembrance-and he will Car of Neptune and the Paragon had been built, ma- doubtless answer the time when he was in love .- firmness, at an advance of id. on all common and middling king Mr. Fulton's fleet three boats regularly plying | The memory of that delicious season-its little ad- qualities, and | a | advance on the better descriptions of between New York and Albany, I took passage upon ventures, hopes, fears and enjoyments, always come American. The official quotations for fair Orleans is 81 one of these for the latter city. The cabin, in that over us with a rush of pleasing warmth—a sunbeam Mobile 8; Middling Orleans 74: Mobile do. 74. The busiday, was below; and as I walked its length, to and piercing the clouds of departed time, and irradiating ness for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which specfro, I saw I was very closely observed by one I supposed a stranger. Soon, however, I recalled the feast posed a stranger. Soon, however, I recalled the feast posed a stranger of the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international poses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international positions are posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international positions are posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international positions are posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum are posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum and international posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales. The posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales, of which spectrum are posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales. The posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales and a spectrum are posses for the week is estimated at 66,920 bales. The posses for th tures of Mr. Fulton; but, without disclosing this, I life-keeps beautiful forms perpetually before the continued my walk and awaited the result. At length, eye-gives us pleasing dreams-elevates the spiritsin passing his seat, our eyes met, when he sprang to exalts our views. It tempers our harsher disposi-his feet, and eagerly seizing my hand, exclaimed, I tions with the gentleness of heauty—subdues our knew it must be you, for features have never escaped proudest pretentions to the government of tears and me; and although I am still far from rich, yet I may carresses, of mildness and persuasion. He who has venture that bottle, now. It was ordered; and du- never been in love is a miserable blockhead, who is ring its discussion, Mr. Fulton ran rapidly but vivid- ignorant of the highest joy this distempered life posly over his experience of the world's coolness, and sesses for mortals. Being in love is, in fact, a sort sneers, and of the hopes, fears, disappointments, and of millenium far above all life's other good. I would Indian Corn was inactive; with difficulties that were scattered through his whole ca- desire no better state than that of being in love a 27s 6d a 28s per quarter for white. reer of discovery, up to the very point of his final, thousand years; and I would demand the tempera-A robust countryman meeting a physician, ran to hide behind a wall; being asked the cause, he renlied; all is a like temperation of the hide demand at full prices. Shoulders, fine most sought for.— And in reviewing all these, he said, I have again to heighten my long lesson of innocence and happi- Hams in request at reduced rates. Small sales of Lard at

our first interview, at Albany; and never have I done so without its renewing in my mind, the vivid emonext Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Baptist 3 shillings per cwt., while Jamaica does not participate in the

Churches, Trustees, or individuals, where their representatives cannot attend, will please remit the the world, of a discovery which has invaded all wa- amounts intended for the Convention or either of the Turpentine in small supply at an advance.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER; Rec. Sec. of the Convention: Milton, N. C., Aug. 28th, 1850.

Col. Ross, THE \$650 MAN.—Col. Ross has long globe! America has the pleasure, New England This is the first arrest that has taken place under the achievement!—Boston Chronotype.

THE REAL THING !- We have heard that a musical amateur, being present in a room where Jenny Lind was the "mark of all observers." saw a fly alight upon her cheek. Jenny brushed it off. The gentleman's eye followed the fly till he saw it alight on a window; there he captured it; and pouring from his snuff-box its contents, he put the fly therein, rais-

There are one million eight hundred thousand spindles running, and the cotton consumed amounts ent extraordinary session, as an evidence of this We are not among those who consider secession the the passage of the Fugitive Slave bill, we are pleas-

NATIONAL CURRENCY .- 10 Loafers make 1 Grog

1 Grog Shop makes 50 Drunkars; 50 Drunkards ruin 50 Families; 50 Ruined families fill 1 Poor-house and Jail: Poor-house and Jail makes 1 great bill of costs; Great bill of costs make one poor town;

Poor town drains the County Treasury;

Bankrupt County is a great State tax; 1 Great State tax drains the National Funds. Rhode Island.—The Providence Journal gives cen sus returns from 284 towns in that State, which give

A GEM.-What a delightful glow of sensibility touched the author's mind as the following "little Fugitive Slave bill created a great excitement in wee drop of the soul" underwent the process of chry-Pittsburgh, in which city it has always been under- stalization! It is from Dicken's "Dombey,"provision can be departed from only in conformity Secession is not the work of a day, and should not stood there is a large number of fugitive slaves, and It reminds us of some of the best sayings of Sterne's

> "She died," said polly, "and was never seen again, "The cold ground!" said the child, shuddering

> No! the warm ground," returned Polly "where the ugly seeds are turned into beautiful flowers and

> where good people turn into bright angels and fly away to Heaven." FASTIDIOUS .- "Barber, I think this towel has been

> in use long enough." "It has been used more than six weeks, and no

one ever found fault with it before."

MARRIED, In Bladen county, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. Mr. SHAW,

In this county, on the 6th inst., by J E. Bunting, Esq., At Masonborough Sound, on the 3d inst., by John A TAYLOR, Esq., Mr. EPHARAIM WESSCOTT, to Miss ANN MARIA, daughter of ALEX. C. HEWLETT, deceased.
In Fayetteville, on the 18th ult., by the Rev. J. Dreo, Mr. JONATHAN CARTER, to Miss DICY HILBURN, daughter of Jas. HILBURN, Esq.

DIED. In Fayetteville, on the 24th ult., John Lofthouse, son of Mr. ROBT. R. ROBINSON, aged I year and 3 months. In the vicinity of Fayetteville, on the 2d inst., Mr. CALVIN

At Cherry Grove, Bladen county, on the 13th inst., Mr.

FAYETTEVILLE, Oct. 8 .- The principal sales of Cotton the

NEWBERN, Oct. 8 .- Turpentine, \$2 a \$2 50; Scrape, \$1

BALTIMORE, Oct. 8 .- Flour, \$4 75. Wheat, red, 98 cents in Groceries or Provisions. Whiskey, 27 a 23c. per gallon. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8, 6 P. M.-Flour, \$4 75 a \$4 814 New York, Oct. 8, 6 P. M .- Flour \$4 50 a \$5 121. Corn

Meal \$3 18. Rye Flour \$3 18 a \$3 25. Wheat \$1 16 .-Corn 64 a 65c. Oats 38 a 44c. Rye 70c. Pork \$10 70 .-Lard 74 a 74c. Whisky 274 a 274c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5th .- Naval Stores .- Turpentine is quiet at our quotations. The only sales we have to notice, are North County, \$1 25; 150 bbls. Tar in order, \$2, delivered; Sales of about 2000 bbls. No. 3 at 90 cents per bbl. The epoch of being in love, notwithstanding all, 650 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 32 a 33, cash; and 33, 60 days; and 800 White Rosin, \$2 a \$2 25 per 280 lbs. Liverpool. Sept. 21 .- Tar and Turpentine, no sales; Common Rosin in

SAN FRANCISCO, SEPT. 1 .- Lumber is dull; the demand large receipts by boats.

Boots and Shoes .- Prices have declined. Candles continue in active request. Coffee .- The market is well supplied. Cotton Goods and Clothing .- Prices continue to decline. Flour .- Market quiet, with small sales to the trade.

Molasses steady. In Sugars a brisk demand. Tobacco market dull. Teas are scarce and advancing. Foreign Markets, per Steamer Cambria.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, Sept. 21.—The advices from The Atlantic's news having confirmed the reported injury

to the growing crops, the market closed on Friday with great American descriptions sold were 15,790 bales Uplands, at 5g to 81d.; 29,740 do. Orleans, at 64 to 101d., and 5,490 Mobile. The stock in port is now 451,000 bales, against 659,000 bales the same time last year.

Breadstuffs-There has been a decline of one to two ets per bushel in wheat. The flour market was steady, while the prices of American

and Canadian remained unchanged; quotations being the Indian Corn was inactive; with sales of yellow at 27s, and

Provisions-There was a moderate demand and at rather

The Board of Trustees of Wake Forest College was established, and sales were to a fair extent. Sugars-A large business was doing at Liverpool and London, at an advance of 6d. to Is. Molasses closed firm. Naval Stores .- Tar and Turpentine no sales. Common

Rosin was in fair demand, at 3s. to 3s. Id. per cwt. Spirits Rice-Low to fine qualities 15s. 9d.

Wool was firm, and in good demand. The woolen trade continues brisk everywhere. Mackin & Jones, in their circular of Friday, report a fair. steady business during the week in Flour and Wheat, on the spot and to arrive, and that each fully maintained previous prices-the market closing with an upward tendency. It is

give quite so encouraging a view of the market. erable advance. Sugars were improving in demand and better prices obtained. Lard was wholly neglected. Rice-151

tierces Carolina at 27 a 28-75. HAVRE COTTON MARKET .- Advices from Havre to the bales were sold at an advance of 4 to 5c. per lb., and the ant & Adams. market closed with much firmness.

Wholesale Prices Current.

WALL STORES

BACON, per pound.	NAVAL STORES,
Hams, \$ 95 a \$ 10	Turpentine, per bbl. 280 lbs. 8
Middlings,7 a 71	Yellow Dip, 2 12½ a 2 15 r
Shoulders, 6 a 7	Hard, a
Western, 4 a 63	Tar, none 0 0θ a
BEANS, per bush.	Pitch, 0 00 a 1 00 r
White, 65 a 70	Rosin, No.1, &
BEESWAX,	Do. No.2, 0 00 a 0 00
Per pound, 18 a 20	Do. No.8, a 90 Sp'ts Turp., per
Per pound, 20 a 22	gallon, 00 a 26
BEEF, per bbl.	Varnish,pr gal.20 a 22
N. Mess, 12 50 a 14 00	OIL, per gallon.
Do. Prime, 7 00 a 9 00	Sperm, 1 00 a 1 40
BEEF CATTLE,	Linseed, N C co
Per 100 lbs., .3 00 s 4 00	Neats Foot,00 a 0 00 PEAS, per bushel.
CORN, Per bushel, 68 a 75	Ground, 0 00, a 0 00
Meal, bush.,80 a 85	Black Eye, a
COFFEE, per lb.	Cow, a 70
Rio,12½ a 13	PORK, per barrel. Nor. Mess, .12 00 a 12 50
St. Domingo, 11 a 111 Laguvra 12 a 13	Do. Prime, 10 50 a 11 90
Cuba, 00 a 00	Fresh, per lb 0 a 0
Java,14 a 15	POTATOES.
CANDLES, per lb.	Irish, bbl., 0 00 a 2 00
Tallow, 121 a 14	Sweet, bush., 62 a 75
Sperm, 37 a 50 Adamantine 28 a 30	Chickens, live, . 121 a 25
EGGS, per doz., 16 a 23	Do. dead, .00 a 00
FEATHERS.	Turkeys, live, a
Per pound, 00 a 35	Do. dead,
FLOUR, per barrel.	RICE, per 100 lbs.
Northern6 50 a 8 00	Clean, cask, .3 50 & Rough, bush00 a 00
HAY, per 100 lbs.	Rough, bush., .00 a 00 SAI-T, per bushel.
North River, a	Turks Island 20 a 26
Eastern, a	Liv'l sack, a 95
IRON, per lb., 42 a 54	SOAP, per lb.,4 a 6
LARD, per lb.	SHINGLES, per M.
No. Carolina, 84 a 9 Western, nom. 73 a 8	Country, a Contract, 0 00 a \$ 00
Western, nom. 7½ a 8 LIME, per barrel.	STEEL, perlb, .12 a 25
Thomastown, a 75	STAVES, per M.
LUMBER, River, per M.	W. O. barrel,
Floor. B'ds, 00 a	rough,00 😭 a 15 00
Wide do	Ash Head'g.8 00 a \$ 50
LIOUORS per gallon	R. O. hhd., dressed, s
LIQUORS, per gallon. N. E. Rum,30 a 34	Do. rough,
Gin,30 a 35	SUGAR, per pound.
Whiskey, rec a	New Orleans, 6 a 71
Do. N.O. do a 30	Porto Rico, 7 a 84
Do. Old Nick, 00 a 75 Apple Brandy, 35 a 40	St. Croix, 7 a Si Loaf, 101 a 11
Peach do. none a 00	TIMBER, per M.
MOLASSES, per gall.	Shipping,0 00 a 0 00
West Indies,21 a 22	Mill, prime, a 7 75
New Orleans, .00 a 00	Do ord'y, \$ 90 a 6 10
MACKEREL, per bbl.	Do. inf'r, a 4 25
No. 1,0 00 a 11 00 No. 20 00 a 10 00	TALLOW, Per pound,7 a 8
No. 2,0 00 a 10 00 No. 3, a 6 00	WINES, per gallou.
MULTERS	Madeira, 70 a 5 00
Per barrel #	Port, 1 25 a 4 00
NAILS, perlb.,4 a 5	Malaga, 40 a 60

Note.-River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, are always sold in the water, and are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on Lumber, 80 cents to \$1 per M.; Tar and Turpentine about 10 cents per barrel. *For dry Virgin or mixed Turpentine, a deduction is made according to quality.

FREIGHTS: TO NEW YORK. Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, ... \$ 25 a \$ 30 Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 25 a Ground Peas, per bushel, a Cotton goods and yarns, per cubic foot, 6 a TO BOSTON. Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 40 a

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 10, 1850.

Our water courses are extremely low, and no produce above tide-way finds its way to this market.

BACON.-This article comes in very freely, and the market is well supplied, with a slight decline in prices. See table. Corn.-A cargo of 1500 bushels received from Newbern, for one house, has gone in to store, also some small lots per Rail Road Prices without change.

Coffee.-No change in prices. FLOUR-No wholesale transactions. Quotations for store HAY-About 200 bales have been received; part sold

wharf at 75 cents per 100 lbs. for prime Eastern, and balance LARD-Abundant, and dull at Sic.

LIME-None arrived this week. Molasses-Sales in lots of 5 hhds. and upwards, from wharf, (cargo reported last week,) at 22 cents per gallon,

90 days. NAVAL STORES-The receipts of Turpentine continue light. The sales of the week only reach about 1848 barrels Soft

Turpentine. The price has generally been steady, at \$2 121 a \$2 15 per bbl.; closing with one or two very small lots, today, at \$2 121 per barrel of 280 lbs. Tar-None received. Spirits Turpentine has been firm at last week's figures, and sales quick. About 700 bbls. sold during the week at 26 cts. 300 bbls. Wilmington common rosin, at \$1 30, affoat; 700 per gallon, and \$1 75 for the barrels not returnable. Rosin-PEAS-No recent receipts and some enquiry for them, particularly for Cow Peas

SHINGLES-Nothing doing in Shingles, and no demand. Quotations nominal. STAVES .- White Oak Bbl. Staves and Ash Heading con-

siderably enquired for. There has been no arrivals this week. TIMBER.-A few rafts have changed hands at quotations. The market is nearly or completely bare.
Freights.—Have declined to 25 and 30 cents per barrel to New York and Philadelphia.

Exchange—On Northern Cities, ? per cent., and Southern per cent. premium.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. O'N TUESDAY of Superior Court week, will be sold at the Court House, Two Half Lots, on Dry Pond. Terms at sale. MILES COSTIN. COR the Totlet. Luben's best Perfumery; Cologne and

Lavender Water; Bay Rum; Extracts of various kinds; America by the steamers Atlantic and Europa produced Invigorator; Phalon's Magic Hair Dye; Fancy Bottles; and

TERINO, Cotton, Silk and Woolen Shirts and MERINO, Contract by J. S. WILLIAMS. CHILDREN'S White and Colored Cotton Hose. V For sale by

TERINO, Woolen and Cotton Half Hose, with silk M and merino Feet. For sale by J. S. WILLIAMS. TILACK and Fancy Silk Cravats. D For sale by J. S. WILLIAMS:

DDITIONAL Articles Received per late Packets

from New York, viz:
Canton Crape, and Plaid Woolen Shawls;
Rich Mantillas, and Sacks;
Merinoes, Mous. de Lanes, and Cashmeres;
Black and Fancy Silks;
French worked Collars, and Capes, latest style;
White and Black Silk Hose; Rich Evening Dresses; Belt and Velvet Neck-ribbons ; Colored Black and White Silk and Kid Gloves; Linen, Cambrie, and Silk Handkerchiefs; Superior 11 and 12-4 Marseilles Quilts; Superior Blankets, all sizes; Ladies Silk and Merino Waistcoats; White and Black Moreen; Drab and Crimson Damask

Furniture Dimity and Fringe. All of which will be solvery low rates.

J. S. WILLIAMS.

Salisbury and Colored Sack Flannel

at very low rates.

Marine Intelligence

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA.

Oct. 2-Brig Angoln; ____, Charleston, to O. G. Parsley. Brig H. Curtis, Stront, Boston; in bullast, to Petter & 4-Schr. Eureka, Davis, Shallotte, to Anderson & Latis mer; with naval stores.

5—Schr. Tereviffe, Poland, Boston, in ballast, to Ellis & Mitchell. 6-Brig Albemarle, Comery, Savantah; in ballast, to Ged: Hamburgh Brig Adolph, Bohn, New York, to Anderson & Latimer. Schr. A. J. Dell overt, Brewster, New York, to Dellosset & Brown; with mdze, to sundry persons.

Schr. Gazelle, Usher; Baltimore, to J. & D. McRae & Co.; with mdze, to sundry porsons. Schr. Ira Brewster, Forton, New York, to G. W. Davis;

with mdze. to sundry persons.
Schr. Agnes, McLean, Donnis, New River, to Martin & proper to observe, however, that other authorities do not Schr. Volant, Whitehurst, New River, to Martin & Crontly; with naval stores.

8—Brig J. Hinkley, Johnston, Boston, in ballast, to J. & 9-Schr. Mary and Louisa, Adams, Philadelphia, to Ges. Harriss; with moze. to sundry persons. Schr. Joseph Ann, Willis, Newbern, to Ellis & Mitchell;

Brig John Dawson, Briggs, New York, to M. Costin; with HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—Advices from Havre to the index to sundry persons.

19th, state that on the arrival of the Europa's news, 400 index to sundry persons.

10—Schr. Ariel, Austin, Boston, in Ballest, to Barry, Bry. & Brown.

Brig Emily, Young, from Boston, th Ballast, to DeRosset Schr. Juliotte, Woglum, from New York, ill ballast, to G. Oct. 5-Brig Munroe, Torry, Boaton, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 125,000 feet lumber, 16,000 staves, 210 bbls.

rosin.

Brig Charles, Richardson, Boston, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 191,000 feet lumber, 294 bbls. rosin.

Schr. Kensington, Foster, Wilmington, Del., by G. Harriss; with 100,000 feet lumber.

Schr. Jos. Brown, Lafield, Baltimore, by George Harriss; with 90,000 feet lumber.

Schr. Louisine, Smith, New York, by E. J. Latterloh; with 504 bbls. spirits turpentine, 400 bbls. turpentine, 1,302 bbls. rosin, 38 bales cotton, 4 bales feathers, 71 beer bbls., 28 packages of furniture.

Packages of furniture.

7-Brig Enlian, Blanchard, Wilmington, Del., by J. & D.
McRae & Co.; with 70,000 feet lumber, 677 bbla. rosin, 15 bbls. tar.
Schr. John Russell, Smith, Turk's Island, by PeRosset & Brown; with 7,048 feet lumber, 4,665 shingles, 19 casks rice.

7 kegs lard, 400 bushels corn. Schr. Virginia, Hobart, New York, by DeRosset & Norwegian Brig Vesta, Schroeter, Liverpool, Eng., by Barry, Bryant & Adams; with 2,000 bbls. turp., 1000 bbls. sp. turp. 2-Brig M. & J. C. Gilmore, Eldridge, Boston, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 130,000 feet lumber. Schr. Gazelle, Little, Philadelphia, by Geo. Harriss; with 10 bales sheeting, 638 bbls. rosin, 100 bbls. tar, 85 do. pitch,

27,000 feet lumber, 235 bbls. spirits.
Schr. Agnes McLenn, Dennis, New River, by Martin & Cronly.
Schr. Volant, Whitchurst. New Riter, by Martin & Cronly.
10—Schr. Glass Blower, Thayer, Philadelphia, by George Harriss; with 1200 bbls. rosin.

Brig David Duffell, Podger, New York, by Geo. Harriss; with 13 bags pea nuts, 2 hhds. and 2 bbls. copper, 70 bbls. spirits, 1265 bbls. rosin, 2 mill stones.

Schr. Chas. Mills, Jones, N. Y., by DeRosset & Erown; with naval stores, cotton, &c.

11.-Schr. John P Brown, Collet, Philadelphia, by Do-Rosset & Brown ; with naval stores and lumbers. BRIGADE ORDERS NO. 1. Head Quarters 3rd Brigat . No. Ca. Militia,

WILMINGTON, Oct. 1st, 1850. THE several Regiments composing the 3d Brigade of N. C. Militia, are hereby ordered to appear on parade, for review, at the following times and places, viz: The 39th Regiment at Smithville, on Saturday, 2d Nov'r. The 30th Regiment at Wilmington, on Tuesday, 5th Nov'r The 24th Regiment at Onslow Court House, on Thursday, The 31st Regiment at Kenansville, on Saturday, 9th Nov'r.

Lines to be formed precisely at II o'clock, A. M. It will be required of Commanders of Regiments to make full and complete returns of their Regiments on the day of Commanders of the different Regiments will drill their offi-Cers the day previous to being reviewed.

By order of HENRY H. WATTER S, Brig. Gen'l
ROB'T H. COWAN, Aid. 3d Brigade N. C. Milit's 3d Brigade N. C. Milit Oct. 11, 1850

ORDER NO. 21. Head Charters 30th Regiment No. Ca. Militia, WILMINGTON, 5th October, 1850. The Companies composing the 30th Regiment N. C. Att litis, are hereby ordered to appear at Wilmington, N. C., on Tuesday, the 5th day of November next, for review. Officers non-commissioned officers, and musicians, will meet at Wilmington on Monday, 4th November, at 10 o'clock

A. M., for drill. Returns required on the 5th November:
Lines formed at 11 o'clock; A. M.

By order of the Brigadier General.

ROB'T G. RANKIN, Col. Com.

TAKEN UP AND COMMITTED TO the Jail of New Hanover County, North Carolina, a negro man about 25 years of age, who asys he belongs to John Klish, of Richmond, Va. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs. OWEN FENNELL, Sheriff.

By JERE. NICHOLS, Jailor. 5-tf Wilmington, Oct. 9, 1853 \$12 REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, residing at Sill's Creek, New Hanover county, his negro man JACK. Said Jack is about 5 feet 5 inches in height, and dark complexioned. He is supposed to be lurking about Holly Shelter, in this county, or he may be in son, as he has a good many relations in that county.

I will pay the above reward of Twelve Dollars for his delivery to me, or his lodgment in the Willington Jail, or the Lail of Sampson county and a several of French the Jail of Sampson county, and a reward of Firry Dollars for proof sufficient to convict any white person of harboring EDWARD PIGFORD. Sill's Creek, New Hanover co., N. C., Oct. 11, 1850 .- 5-tf

MRS. SARAH H. KELLEY, TAKES this method of informing her town and country friends, that she has returned from the North with a fine and well selected stock of FALL MILLINERY, which will be sold for the lowest prices the market affords, She will clean and trim Bonnets and carry on Dress Ma-5-2m

FOR Sale.—A splendid stationary steam I ngine of ten horse power, with a first rate boiler, all in good order. Apply to E. D. HALL. Fresh Arilvals, per Schi. A. J. DeRossett.

Bbls. best Canal Flour; 10 boxes fresh Soda Crackers; 6 bbls. Pilot Bread; 10 Bags Buckwheat Meal; 5 boxes do.; 54 bbls. do. . 5 1 doz. extra Bake Spiders; 54 do.; 2000 Bacon Hams, Sides and Shoulders. GEO. H. KELLEY'S. Low for eash, at

Bbl. best Fulton Market Beef; 25 best Beef Tongues ; 3 quintals fine Codfish' 6 boxes Tobacco; 5 do. Adamantine Candlez; 2 coil 1 in. and 11 in. Rope. Low for cash at GEO. H. KELLEY'S

Still Coming, per Schr. A. J. DeRosset.

THE Wharf just above the Rock Spring, known as Hall's wharf; together with a large Warehouse on t, (now used as a barrel factory) near the water; and a comfortable office, the house being tin roofed, will make it par-ticularly convenient for a Packet or Steam Boat Landing; or for the receiving and forwarding business. Possession given immediately. Apply to October 11, 1850 E. D. HALL DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS,

Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, and Patent MEDICINES.

THE subscriber has just returned from the North with a large and fresh stock of articles in his line, selected with great care from the first importers and nanufacturers in the Northern cities, which he offers at the owest prices, and warrants every article to be of the best quality, consisting in part:
Gum Camphor; I'ow'd Rhubarb; Seidlitz and Soda Powders; Bermuda and American Arrow Root; Ex't Jalap; Ex't Colocynth Compound; Calcined and Carb. Magnesia; Caston

Oil; Cubebs; Copaiva and Sarsaparilla Capsules; Confedery Chemicals.—Calomel; Sulph. Quinine; Sulph. and Act. Morphine; Syrup Iodide of Iron; Strychnine; Iodides of Mercury, Sulphur, Lead, and Iron; Lactate of Iron; Citrate of Iron; Citrate of Iron and Quinine; Elaterium; Angonitine, &c. Paints, Oils, Dyc-Stuffs, Glass .- White Lead, pure,

extra, and No. 1; Putty; Window Glass, S by 10, 10 by 12, 12 by 14, 10 by 15, 12 by 15, 12 by 18, 11 Ey 17; Maddee; ladigo; Galls; Venetian Red; Spanish Brown; Logwood; Chrome Green and Yellow, dry and in oil; Linseed and Train Oils; Whale and Sperm Oils; Pairs Browns; Safe Tooks, Badger, Hair Blenders; Varnish Browns; Safe Tooks Badger Hair Blenders; Varnish Brushes; Sable Artist For Pastry.—Cooper's Isinglass; Preston's Ex'is Lemon. Cinnamon, Vanilla, Rose, and Nutmeg; Rose Water, English and American; Preston's celebrated Yeast Powder; Cloves; Pepper; Mustard Seed; Ginger; Alspice; Nutmegs; Cinna-

non; Sweet Oil, &c. Perfumery and Fancy Articles, French, German, Perfumery and Fancy Articles.—French, German, and American Cologne; Lubip's Extracts, very large assortment; Aromatic Vinegar; Guerlain's, Rousel's, and Hauel's Shaving Cream; Lubin's Toilet Soap; 50 dozen assorted fancy Soaps; 25 dozen French, English, and American Hair Brushes; 50 dozen assorted Tooth Brushes: 6 dozen Shaving Brushes; 6 dozen Nail Brushes; Military Shaving Soap; Hat and Cloth Brushes; Toilet Powders, Meeu Fun; Prenared Chalk, in balls, white and plak; Alabaster Powder; Lip Salassing Wax; Toilet Bottles, a large assortment; 6 dozen Barry's Tricopherous; 6 dozen Phalon's Invigorator; Hauel's East Lustral; French, English, and American Posnation; Oil of Rose; Powder; Puff Boxes; Cachon Aromatise; India Rubber Balls; Salt Bottles; Ivory and Buffalo Fine Combs; Hora and Buffalo Dressing Combs; Tasah Picks; Bear and Macassar Oils; Indelible Ink; Dupuy's Liquid Softer, &c.

For sale by WM. H. LIPPITT.

October 11th, 1850

Draggist and Chemist.